

Instructions : All the questions are compulsory.

CODE – B

1. Multiple Choice Questions

20

- 1 What is the reduction of water mentioned for the 'Aushadha Siddha Paniya' Kalpana?
(A) ¼ part (B) ½ part (C) 1/8th part (D) 1/16th part
- 2 What is the dose of 'Putapaka Swarasa'?
(A) 2 Pala (B) 1 Pala (C) 1 Sukti (D) 1 Karsha
- 3 Write the primary indication of 'Mustadi Pramathya'?
(A) Kasa (B) Swasa (C) Raktatisara (D) Rajayakshma
- 4 What is the quantity of honey mentioned in the classical reference of 'Vasavaleha'?
(A) 2 Pala (B) 4 Pala (C) 6 Pala (D) 8 Pala
- 5 As per Bhavaprakash Nighantu, what is the ratio of curd to water used in the preparation of Takra?
(A) 1:¼ part (B) 1:½ part (C) 1:2 part (D) 1:1 part
- 6 "Galadarupyanibha" is a synonym for which Dravya?
(A) Vimala (B) Parada (C) Vanga (D) Rajata
- 7 "Which drug among the following is associated with सौराष्ट्रदेशे चोत्पन्नःस्मृतः।
(A) Kaparda (B) Vimala (C) Kampillaka (D) Gairika
- 8 "'Khuraka' and 'Misraka' are varieties of which Rasadravya?"
(A) Vanga (B) Naga (C) Mandura (D) Haratala
- 9 "What is the chemical formula of 'Godanti'?"
(A) CaCO₃ (B) CaSO₄.2H₂O (C) ZnCO₃ (D) Cu₅FeS₂
- 10 "Which 'Shodhana Dravya' is used for Gouripashana?"
(A) Nimbu Swarasa (B) Triphala kwatha (C) Karavellaka swarasa (D) Vasa kwatha
- 11 "Which of the following drugs is related to the word 'Hajrulyahud'?"
(A) Vyomashma (B) Kausheyashma (C) Agnijara (D) Badarasma
- 12 "What does the term 'Loha Rasayanam' refer to?"
(A) Ayaskriti kalpana (B) Sandhana kalpana (C) Kupipakwa Rasayana (D) Pottali Rasayana
- 13 "What is the shelf life of Gutika/Vati containing both Kasthaushadhi and Rasaushadhi?"
(A) 1 year (B) 2 years (C) 5 years (D) 10 years
- 14 "What is the proportion of 'Vatsanabha' in 'Vatavidhvamsana Rasa'?"
(A) 1 Part (B) 2 ½ part (C) 3 ½ part (D) 4 ½ part
- 15 "Which chapter of the D & C Acts 1940 contains the provisions related to Ayurvedic drugs?
(A) Chapter I (B) Chapter IV A (C) Chapter III (D) Chapter II
- 16 Which procedure must be performed for the Parada to become suitable for internal administration?
(A) Jarana (B) Mardana (C) Murchhana (D) Kshalana
- 17 Which of the following metal is used for 'Niruttha Bhasma' Pariksha
(A) Swarna (B) Rajata (C) Tamra (D) Loha

- 18 What is the synonym of 'Shodashi' in the context of 'Mana-paribhasha'?
(A) Kola (B) Karsha (C) Shukti (D) Pala
- 19 'Palika Yantra' is primarily used for which procedure
(A) Gandhaka Jarana (B) Patana (C) Mardana (D) Bhavana
- 20 Which of the following types of dung is mentioned in the preparation of 'Samanya Musha'?
(A) Cow dung (B) Horse dung (C) Elephant dung (D) Buffalo dung

TATTVAM AYURVEDA
Sneha @OHNAC, Surat

Date: 15/12/2025

Monday

Time :- 9:51 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.

Marks : 80

40

2. Short Answer Questions

- (1) Describe the contribution of 'Nagarjuna Acharya' to Rasashastra
- (2) Explain the term 'Marana' (1 mark), its Pharmaceutical (2 marks) and therapeutical Importance (2 marks).
- (3) Define the term 'Putra' (2 marks). Write the dimensions/pit size and uses of the Mahaputa, Gajaputa and Varahaputa (3 marks).
- (4) Describe 'Ksheerapaka Kalpana' in detail with an example
- (5) Explain the types of 'Sneha paka' (3 marks) and their Therapeutic application (2 marks).
- (6) Classify the types of Parada Doshas (2 marks) and describe their effects (Dosha Prabhava) (3 marks).
- (7) Define the term Parpati (1 mark) and describe the Characteristics of different pakas of Parpati (4 marks).
- (8) Write the full forms and write one function for each – (FSSAI), (FDA), (CCRAS), (DCGI), (CDSCO)

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3. Long Answer Questions

- (1) Explain the 'Kashaya Kalpana' as mentioned in the 'Sharangadhara Samhita'
- (2) Define 'Sandhana Kalpana' (2 marks). Write Anukta mana and difference of 'Asava-Arista' (3 marks). Explain the significance of Sandhana Kalpana (3 marks). Enlist the ingredients of 'Draksharista' (2 marks).
- (3) Enlist 'Maharasa' (2 marks). Describe Grahya Lakshana (2 marks), Shodhana (2 marks), Marana (2 marks) and Sattwapatana (2 marks) of Swarna Makshika
- (4) Explain the definition (1 mark), types (2 marks), method of preparation (3 marks), dose (1 mark) and Dosha (1 mark) of 'Kshara kalpana' and 'Kshara sutra' in detail (2 marks).

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TATTVAM AYURVEDA
SnehA @OHNAC, Surat

RASASHASTRA EVAM BHAISHAJYAKALPANA - II (MCQ PAPER)

Date: 16/12/2025

Tuesday

Time :- 9:30 a.m. to 09:50 a.m.

Marks : 20

Instructions : All the questions are compulsory.

CODE - B

20

I. Multiple Choice Questions

1. Kasisa Bhasma is having _____ property.
(A) Keshranjan (B) Netrya (C) Vishahara (D) All of these
2. Which one is the formulation of Shilajit?
(A) Chandraprabha Vati (B) Shilasindura (C) Praval Panchamrut Rasa (D) Kshara Parpati
3. Highest proportion of _____ Dravya is found in Arogya Vardhini Vati.
(A) Abharak Bhasma (B) Parada (C) Guggulu (D) Tikta
4. Ichchabhedi Rasa is having _____ effect.
(A) Vamana (B) Virechana (C) Nasya (D) Basti
5. Anand Bhairav Rasa is used mainly in _____ disease.
(A) Shiroroga (B) Striroga (C) Asthivikara (D) Jawaratisara
6. Anupana of Vasantkusumarakar is _____.
(A) Madhu and Sita and Guda (B) only Madhu (C) only Sita (D) only Guda
7. Choose the right indication from the following for Brahmi Ghrita (Sushruta Samhita).
(A) Unmada (B) Kushtha (C) Vishamjwara (D) All
8. Choose the right option from the following for Sudarshana Churna.
(A) Antipyretic (B) Anti inflammatory (C) Hepatoprotective (D) All of above
9. Following is not described as the Anupana of Lavana Bhaskar Churna by Acharya Sharangadhara.
(A) Mastu (B) Surasava (C) Madhu (D) Takra
10. Bilvadi Gutika is not used for _____ Visha Treatment.
(A) Luta (B) Sarpa (C) Vruschika (D) Mushaka
11. For the cream preparation following is used as the base.
(A) Ghee in water (B) Water in Ghee (C) Oil in water (D) None of these
12. Which of the following is true about nutraceuticals?
(A) They only provide basic nutritional value. (B) They combine nutritional and medicinal benefits. (C) They are always synthetic products. (D) They are a type of pharmaceutical drug.
13. For Kushthaghna effect of Kaishor Guggulu, it is used with _____ Anupana.
(A) Punarnava Kwath (B) Dashamoola Kwath (C) Gojihvadi Kwath (D) Khadira Kwath
14. Shankha Bhasma is traditionally administered by which route?
(A) Oral (B) Topical (C) nasal drops (D) eye drops
15. What is the role of peripheral pharmacovigilance centers in India?
(A) To develop new drug. (B) To market pharmaceutical products. (C) To manufacture Ayurvedic drugs (D) To monitor adverse drug reactions
16. Which one is not considered as the quality of Prashasta Aushadha in Astanga Hridya?
(A) Bahu kalpa (B) Sampanna (C) Yogya (D) Pathya
17. Bhallatak Guda described in which chapter of Bhaishajya Ratnavali?
(A) Arsha (B) Gulma (C) Pandu (D) Ashmari
18. As per Charak Samhita Anupana of Triphala Rasayan is _____.

- (A) Madhu (B) Ghruta (C) both (D) none
- 19 Therapeutic dose of Shuddha Gairika is _____.
- (A) 2 Gunja (B) 2 Pala (C) 2 Karsh (D) 1 Pala
- 20 As per Drug and Cosmetic Rule 1945, Shelf life of Tamra Bhasma is _____.
- (A) 2 years (B) 5 years (C) 1 year (D) 10 years

TATTVAM AYURVEDA
SnehA @OHNAC, Surat

Date: 16/12/2025

Tuesday

Time :- 9:51 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.

Marks : 80

2. Short Answer Questions

40

- (1) Write minimum five therapeutic uses with their Anupana of Rasasindura.
- (2) Write ingredients (1 mark), method of preparation (2 marks), dose (1 mark), Anupana (1 mark) and use (1 mark) of Guduchi Ghana.
- (3) Write ingredients (1 mark), method of preparation (2 marks), dose (1 mark), Anupana (1 mark) and use (1 mark) of Praval Pishti.
- (4) Write ingredients (1 mark), method of preparation (2 marks), dose (1 mark), Anupana (1 mark) and use (1 mark) of Chandraprabha Vati.
- (5) Write ingredients (1 mark), method of preparation (2 marks), dose (1 mark), Anupana (1 mark) and use (1 mark) of Chitrakadi Gutika.
- (6) Write the probable mode of action of Chyavanprasha in geriatric health.
- (7) Write five Aushadha Prayog Marga with its important
- (8) Write definition (1 mark), need (1 mark) and present status (3 marks) of Pharmacovigilance.

3. Long Answer Questions

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- (1) Describe Laghu Sutashekhara Rasa in detail.
- (2) Write Abharaka Bhasma in detail.
- (3) Write Hemagarbha Pottali in detail.
- (4) Describe Dashamoola Kwatha in detail.

TATTVAM AYURVEDA

SnehA @OHNAC, Surat

ROGA NIDAN EVAM VIKRITI VIGYAN – I (MCQ PAPER)

Date: 17/12/2025

Wednesday

Time :- 9:30 a.m. to 09:50 a.m.

Marks : 20

Instructions : All the questions are compulsory.

CODE – B

1. Multiple Choice Questions

20

1. Which among the following is the feature of Dhatu paka ?
(A) Nidranasa (B) Indriyavaimalya (C) Vishtambha (D) Both A & C
2. Which among the following is not a feature of Dushta Vayu ?
(A) Ati Parusha (B) Ati Sheeta (C) Kledabahula (D) Dhoomopahata
3. Which among the following is 'Vyadhi Asatmya' ?
(A) Chikitsa (B) Dosha Paka (C) Upashaya (D) Anupashaya
4. A man was attacked by an elephant. This can be considered under _____ dukha.
(A) Adhyatmika (B) Adhibhoutik (C) Adhidaivik (D) None of above
5. Which of the following endocrine disorder is most associated with obesity ?
(A) Hypothyroidism (B) Hyperthyroidism (C) Addison's disease (D) All of above
6. Which is not mentioned in Trividha Pramana ?
(A) Pratyaksha (B) Aptopadesha (C) Darshana (D) Anumana
7. Which among the following results in movement of Dhosha from Shakha to Koshta ?
(A) Srotomukha Vishodhana (B) Vishyandana (C) Dosha Paka (D) All of these
8. Prameha is an example of _____ type of Srotodushti.
(A) Siragranthi (B) Atipravritti (C) Sanga (D) Vimargagamana
9. Sandhi Vishlesha, Gatrasedha, Doshachyavana, Kriyasannirodha are the characteristic features of _____.
(A) Oja visramsas (B) Oja vyapat (C) Oja kshaya (D) None of these
10. Which of the following is symptom of Nirama Vata ?
(A) Vishada (B) Vigandhi (C) Vibandha (D) None of above
11. अग्नि परीक्षेत।
(A) ग्रहणेन (B) व्यायामशक्त्या (C) जरणशक्त्या (D) D) All of above
12. Which of the following is not the Kapha vridhhi lakshana ?
(A) Shvaithya (B) Shaithya (C) Karshnya (D) Shlathangatva
13. Which among the following is an example of Vyadhinamakarana based on 'Ayatan' ?
(A) Annadrava Shoola (B) Sahasajanya Rajayakshma (C) Greevasthambha (D) Haridra Meha
14. 'Pratata Vatarogi' is described by Charaka as the lakshana of _____.
(A) Rasa Kshaya (B) Rakta Kshaya (C) Mamsa Kshaya (D) Majja Kshaya
15. Nirvibandha is Nirama _____ Lakshana .
(A) Kapaha (B) Vata (C) Pitta (D) Tridosha
16. प्रादुर्भूतलक्षणं पुनर्लिङ्गम्। Sutra is mentioned in which context .
(A) Poorvarooopa (B) Rooopa (C) Updrava (D) None of above
17. Which of the following vitamin deficiency is associated with megaloblastic anemia?
(A) Vitamin B9 (Folate) (B) Vitamin C (C) Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine)
(D) Vitamin A (Retinol)
18. Which of the following is synonym of Hetu ?
(A) Ayatana (B) Samutthana (C) Pratyaya (D) All of above
19. What is the intended purpose of TKDL (portal)?
(A) Documenting traditional knowledge in digital format and prevention of bio-piracy
(B) Archive of AYUSH post graduate students (PG) thesis and dissertations (C) Market for herbs, aromatic and raw materials (D) Supply chain management System for AYUSH
20. Niyat Marankhyapakam Lingam _____.
(A) Upadrava (B) Arishtam (C) Poorvarooopa (D) Hetu

TATTVAM AYURVEDA

Sneha @OHNAC, Surat

GUJARAT AYURVED UNIVERSITY, JAMNAGAR
AYURVEDACHARYA-(B. A. M. S.) EXAMINATION
SECOND PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATION : DECEMBER - 2025
ROGA NIDAN EVAM VIKRITI VIGYAN - I

Date: 17/12/2025
Wednesday

Time :- 9:51 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.
Marks : 80

2. Short Answer Questions

40

- (1) Define cell injury, list its types, and describe types of cellular adaptations with examples. (2M+1M+2M)
- (2) Enlist and explain the Ashta Nindita Purusha. (1M+4M)
- (3) Explain the sutra - न च सर्वाणि शरीराणि व्याधि क्षमत्वे समर्थाणि भवन्ति । (5M)
- (4) Define Pratyatma Lakshana with a suitable example. Differentiate between Vyadhi and Lakshana. (2M+3M)
- (5) Define Ama and describe the Samanya Lakshana (general symptoms) of Ama. (2M+3M)
- (6) Explain the general diagnostic principles of Anukta Vyadhi. (5M)
- (7) Define Avarana and classify its various types. (2M+3M)
- (8) Define Sthanasamshraya and correlate it with Poorvaroopa (prodromal symptoms). (2M+3M)

3. Long Answer Questions

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- (1) Write the Samanya (general) Hetu of Srotodushti. Describe the Hetu and Lakshanas of Pranavaha Srotodushti along with its contemporary aetiologies. (2M+4M+4M)
- (2) Define Vyadhi and describe its classification according to Sushruta. (3M+7M)
- (3) Enumerate and describe Dosha Gati and Rogamarga along with their clinical utility. (5M+5M)
- (4) Define Pareeksha. Enlist Roga and Rogi Pareeksha methods. Differentiate between Roga and Rogi Pareeksha and discuss their clinical importance. (2M+2M+3M+3M)

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TATTVAM AYURVEDA
Sneha @OHNAC, Surat

Instructions : All the questions are compulsory.

CODE – B

20

1. Multiple Choice Questions

- 1 स्फिक्पूर्वा कटिपृष्ठोरुजानुजङ्घापदं क्रमात् | - is the clinical feature of which of the following disease?
(A) क्रौञ्चकशीर्ष (B) खंज (C) गृध्रसी (D) पंगु
- 2 The normal range of BMI for healthy adult is
(A) Less than 18.5 (B) 18.5 – 24.9 (C) 25 – 29.9 (D) 30 – 34.9
- 3 Which of the following दोषाः are vitiated in कर्दम विसर्प?
(A) वात + पीत (B) कफ + पित (C) वात + कफ (D) त्रिदोष
- 4 Drum stick finger is related with
(A) Cyanosis (B) Icterus (C) Clubbing (D) Pallor
- 5 Which of the following is not a cause of राजयक्ष्मा?
(A) वेगावरोध (B) साहस कर्म (C) विषमाशन (D) आवरण
- 6 Which of the following is not caused by bacterial infection?
(A) Tuberculosis (B) Malaria (C) Enteric fever (D) Leprosy
- 7 The साध्य – असाध्यता of अधोग रक्तपित is
(A) सुखसाध्य (B) कृच्छसाध्य (C) याप्य (D) प्रत्याख्येय
- 8 Babinski sign is related with which of the following reflex?
(A) Knee Reflex (B) Abdominal Reflex (C) Planter Reflex (D) Supinator Reflex
- 9 उत्तान & गंभीर are the types/stages of which of the following diseases?
(A) विसर्प (B) वातरक्त (C) रक्तपित (D) उरुस्तंभ
- 10 Which type of अतिसार is not described by आचार्य माधव?
(A) आमज अतिसार (B) भयज अतिसार (C) शोकज अतिसार (D) सन्निपातज अतिसार
- 11 How many types of मूर्च्छा described आचार्य माधव?
(A) 4 (B) 5 (C) 6 (D) 7
- 12 As per आचार्य सुश्रुत, which of the following disease is not औपसर्गिक व्याधि?
(A) कुष्ठ (B) ज्वर (C) नेत्राभीष्यंद (D) राजयक्ष्मा
- 13 सप्तको द्रव्य संग्रहः - has been described in संप्राप्ति of which of the following diseases?
(A) वातरक्त (B) कुष्ठ (C) प्रमेह (D) रक्तपित
- 14 भूक्ते जीर्यती यत्शूल तदेव - is the symptom of which of the following disease?
(A) अत्रद्रव शूल (B) परिणाम शूल (C) आमज शूल (D) सन्निपातज शूल
- 15 अव्यक्तं लक्षणं तेषां पूर्वरूपमिति स्मृतम् | - is described in context of which disease?
(A) वातव्याधि (B) अपस्मार (C) उन्माद (D) श्वास
- 16 आसिनो लभते सौख्यं - is the clinical feature of which of the following disease?
(A) ऊर्ध्व श्वास (B) महा श्वास (C) छिन्न श्वास (D) तमक श्वास
- 17 स्निग्ध, महत, परिवृत नाभि - are signs of which of the following disease?
(A) बद्धगुदोदर (B) परीस्तावी उदर (C) जलोदर (D) प्लीहोदर
- 18 क्षतज & क्षयज - are the types of which of the following disease?
(A) श्वास (B) हिक्का (C) कास (D) स्वरभेद
- 19 How many types of छर्दी described by आचार्य माधव?
(A) 5 (B) 6 (C) 7 (D) 4
- 20 अस्वेदनं महावस्तु यनमत्स्यशकलोपमं - are signs of which of the following disease?
(A) एककुष्ठ (B) कीटीभ (C) दद्रु (D) चर्मदल

GUJARAT AYURVED UNIVERSITY, JAMNAGAR

AYURVEDACHARYA-(B. A. M. S.) EXAMINATION

SECOND PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATION : DECEMBER – 2025

ROGA NIDAN EVAM VIKRITI VIGYAN - II

Date: 18/12/2025

Thursday

Time :- 9:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.

Marks : 80

2. Short Answer Questions

40

- (1) Write a short note on शितपित (2.5M) & उदर (2.5M).
- (2) Describe मृदाभक्षणजन्य पांडु in detail (3M). Also write about Iron Deficiency Anaemia in brief (2M).
- (3) Write differential diagnosis of विसूचिका, अलसक & विलंबिका (Dosh dominance - 1M, Etiology - 1M, Clinical feature - 3M)
- (4) Write त्रिरूप (1M), षड रूप (2M) & एकादश रूप (2M) of राजयक्ष्मा.
- (5) Write a short note on आमवात (3M) & also discuss on Rheumatoid Arthritis in brief (2M).
- (6) Explain निदान & संप्राप्ति of अर्दित (3M). Also discuss Bell's palsy in brief (2M).
- (7) Explain निदान (1M), संप्राप्ति (1M) & भेद (3M) of कामला.
- (8) Describe निदान (1M), संप्राप्ति (2M), & अष्ट दोषाः (2M), of अतीस्थूल.

3. Long Answer Questions

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- (1) Describe निदान (2M), पूर्वरूप (1M), संप्राप्ति (2M) of कुष्ठ and write लक्षण of all महाकुष्ठ (5M) in detail.
- (2) Describe निदान (1M), पूर्वरूप (1M), संप्राप्ति (2M) of प्रमेह and write लक्षण of कफ्रज प्रमेह (3M) in detail. Also discuss etiopathogenesis of Diabetes Mellitus (3M).
- (3) Describe निदान (2M), पूर्वरूप (1M), संप्राप्ति (2M) & भेद (5M) of ग्रहणी in detail.
- (4) Write निदान (1M), संप्राप्ति (1M), भेद (2.5M) & लक्षण (2.5M) of विषम ज्वर. Also write a short note on Malaria (3M).

TATTVAM AYURVEDA

SnehA @OHNAC, Surat